Amendments to the Claims:

The following Listing of Claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

Claims 1-8 (CANCELLED)

9. (ORIGINAL) A method of removing facial oil comprising providing an oil cleaning sheet comprising a porous stretched film made of a plastic material, wherein the size of the voids is in the range of 0.2 to 5μm wiping a user's skin to remove skin oil wherein the oil cleaning sheet is capable of becoming more transparent upon absorption of a given amount of facial oil per unit area.

10. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 9 wherein the interstitial volume per unit area of said porous stretched film is in the range of 0.0001-0.005 cm^3 as calculated by the following equation:

interstitial volume per unit area = [film thickness (cm) x 1 (cm) x void content (%)]/100 (where the void content is the percentage of voids in the porous film).

11. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 9 wherein the void content of said porous stretched film is in the range of 5-50% and the film thickness is in the range of 5-200 μm.

12. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 9 wherein at least one surface of said porous stretched film contains a hydrophilic liquid-absorbing substance which is at least partly distributed on the surface.

13. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim [[9]] 12 wherein said liquid-absorbing substance is distributed on the surface of said stretched film by coating the same, after said stretched film was produced.

14. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim [[9]] 12 wherein said liquid-absorbing substance is incorporated into said stretched film during production thereof, so that said substance is at least partly exposed in a surface of said film.

15. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim [[9]] 12 wherein said porous stretched film has a liquid absorption capacity, in terms of the amount of water absorbed, of 0.00003 to 0.005 cm^3 per unit area.

16. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim [[9]] 12 wherein an aqueous solution of said liquid-absorbing substance has a surface tension of 15.0 to 36.0 dyn/cm.